9/2012

M.M.: 80

CLASS: IX

SUBJECT : ENGLISH (SET-I)

Time: 3 Hrs.

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General Instructions:

1. The question paper is divided into four sections.

Section-A: Reading 15 marks
Section-B: Writing 20 marks
Section-C: Grammar 15 marks
Section-D: Literature 30 marks

SECTION-A

(READING - 15 MARKS)

Q1. Read the passage given below:

(8)

- 1. Stars are huge balls of hot gases. They are all similar in composition but vary in brightness, density and outward appearance. Stars are great centres of light, creating helium and light all the time. They are constantly shining, even in the daytime, but during the day we cannot see them because of the sun's powerful rays. [The atmosphere around the earth breaks up and scatters the sunlight into a blanket of brightness, through which we are unable to see the stars]. At night we are able to see through the atmosphere and we can see the stars. If there was no atmosphere, we would have been able to see the stars in the daytime as well as night, as the sun's light would not have been scattered then. There are billions of stars out of which only some are visible to us.
- 2. Stars speed through the sky, but this movement is not visible without instruments. When the stars move sideways, it is called proper motion and when they move towards or away from the earth it is called radial motion. Stars are usually classified according to their luminosity, their colour and size and also according to their movement. Some stars are yellow, some are blue and white, some of them are even purple, green, red, rose or amethyst coloured. The colour depends upon the temperature of the stars. The red stars are cooler than the white, and the white are still cooler than the bluewhite. The brightest star that we can see (besides the sun) is Sirius, the dog star in the Constellation Canis Major. It has a temperature of about 20,000°F. Capella is a yellow star with a temperature of about 11,000°F. Aldrebaran in Taurus is an orange star with a temperature of more than 7,000°C.

- The other bright stars are Arcturus in the constellation of Bootes, Canopus in Agro, Polux in Gemini, Vega in Lyra, Betelgeuse, Rigel, Alpha Centauri and Fomalhaut, and Aldrebaran in Taurus. Canopus and Antares are so bright that they are called supergiants. The sun is a yellow dwarf star. The stars, which revolve around each other in such a way that they eclipse each other from the earth's view, are called eclipsing binary stars. Fixed stars do not appear to move, although they are moving all the time and we are unable to detect the change. Variable stars change their magnitude frequently. Arcturus and Alpha Centauri are the two fastest moving bright stars.
- A nova is a star that suddenly increases its luminosity by thousands of times. This change comes in a day to a week's time. Slowly, this luminosity fades and usually, many years later, the star regains its original brightness. This outburst takes place due to an explosion within the star. The $\ensuremath{\mathsf{explosive}}$ death of the star is called supernova. In this the star obtains the brightness of 100 million suns for a short time. A famous supernova exploded in the galaxy of Andremeda in 1855. The brightest nova recorded is Tychos Star. It was visible in full day light in 1572, but then it faded.
 - 1.1 On the basis of your reading of the extract, complete the following statement and answer the questions:
 - Why are we unable to see the stars during the day? (a)
 - How do we differentiate between proper motion and radial motion?
 - The stars get their colours by _____
 - What is the difference between a nova and a supernova?
 - Which is the brightest nova recorded? (e)
 - Give a suitable title.
 - 1.2 Find words in the passage that mean the same as the following : (1x2=2)
 - brightness (Para 2)
- (b) size/amount (Para 3)

Q2. Read the poem carefully.

Where the mind is without fear and The head is held high;

(7)

Where knowledge is free; Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where tireless striving stretches its arms towards perfection; Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way into the dreary desert sand of dead habit; Where the mind is led forward by Thee into ever-widening thought and action-Into that heaven of freedom, my Father, let my country awake.

- Rabindranath Tagore

2.1	On the basis of your reading of the poem, answer the following questions by choosing the correct options given below: (1x7=7)							
	(a)		The head held high' means one is					
	()	(i)	full of arrogance					
		(ii)	having self-respect and dignity	7				
		(iii)	has a painful neck					
		(iv)	has lost his way					
	(b)	'Domestic walls' stands for						
		(i)	wall of bricks and cement					
		(ii)	the wall of anger and hate					
		(iii)	the wall of regional and religious differences					
		(iy)	the wall of isolation					
	(c)	Where words come out from the						
٠,		(i)	depth of logic	(ii)	depth of truth			
		(iii)	analysis	(iv)	happiness			

				Family	married with 3 grown up daughters	
	(d) We can achieve 'perfection' by			Duties	 maintains school garden, takes care of trees and potted plants, always concerned and caring 	
	(e) Where 'clear stream of reason' has not lost its way to (i) dead logic (ii) unreasonable people		Q5.	volunteers at the car experience (150 words		
•	(ii) dead habit (f) The poet wants the mind to be led forward by God into (i) ever growing prosperity and abundance			volunteers madespecial talk durirchief guest - rendstudent donors 1	anized by Interact Club posters to spread awareness g assembly by doctor wned cardiologist, Dr. Trehan 7 years and above, parents, old students efreshments, camp a success	
	(ii) ever shrinking logic and knowledge(iii) ever living happiness and love(iv) ever widening thought and action		Q6.	Prepare a speech for the	ted the Best Athlete of the year on your Sports Day. The morning assembly on the importance of sports in a sinputs given below: (150 words)	
	(g) The opposite for the word "sleep" is (i) acknowledge (ii) accept (iii) awake (iv) embark SECTION-B (WRITING - 20 MARKS)			contribute to phyteach healthy cor	npetitiveness ship, team work, discipline determination y development	
	Dublic School, You lost your wallet in	1			SECTION-C	
t) 1	he school playground during the recession notice board inventing all the 100 rupees. Write a notice for your school notice board inventing all the	1 e)	Q7.		(GRAMMAR - 15 MARKS) I paragraph by choosing the correct option from those (1/2x6=3)	
94. (necessary details. Given below is a profile of Mr. Ratan Shah your school gardener. Write a shor bio-sketch of Mr. Ratan Shah in about 100 words. Age - 50 years Physical appearance - short, slim, very active, pleasant face. Experience - 30 years			(a)(on, in, their, our, your) heavy (two, one, hundred, the There they mate, leave (d) (The	s in June, thousands of prehistoric creatures risc upto, from) the depths of the sea, (b) (these, armour clanking as they clamber over (c) busands) another in the shallows of Tanton Bay, Maine. In the shallows of green eggs in the sand in, Them, Than, Because) they simply disappear. That modern science can tell (e) (of, about, that modern science can tell (e) (of, about, the supply disappear.	
	Educational qualification - studied till VIII std.				•	
. *	(D-4)				(D-5)	

	into, u	ipon anv) the horseshoe crab (f) where else.	(i	n, at, where, when	,		
10	Comp	1.4.4	the dialogue choosing the cor	ect optic	option: (3)			
) 8.	Manoj		Hello, Sunil! I was quite e Bengaluru. (a) fr	xcited to	ed to learn about your trip to			
	Sunil	:	I arrived early this morning.					
	Mano	i :	you look quite fresh and ene	rgetic. (l)?			
	Sunil		- the avoiting and full	of joy. It	t was a treat to be a	way from		
	Mano	oi :	next ye	ar?				
	Suni	·J	I intend to study now. No I March.	pictures	- no outings till th	e exam in		
	(a)	(i)	why you returned	(ii)	when yu cam bac	k		
	(a)	(i) (iii)	d	(iv)	when did you reti	ırn		
	<i>a</i>)	• •	How your trip was?	(ii)	How your trips is	?		
	(b)	(i)	trip?	(iv)	If your trip was w	rell?		
		(iii)	What you intend to do	(ii)	What do you inte	nd to do		
	(c)	(i)	What are you intend to doi	ng (iv)	What you are inte	ending to do		
	_	(111)	ge the following words/phrase	es into n	neaningful sentence	s: (1x3=3)		
Ğ:), Rea	rran	e - air/the/was/autumn/in/c	hill/the	the first/of			
	Exa		The first chill of autumn w	as in the	, an			
	(a)	his	e /grapary/out of/merrily/ove	rflowing	owing/was/crawling/an ant			
	(b)	g) who was /a grass hopper/just then/passed by/cold and nungry						
	(c)	th	e ant/have a little grain/from	starvati	on/to save him/an	a to let mm/		
Ç	001	e foll	e asked lowing paragraph has not bee ne. Write the omitted word alo rd that comes after in your ar	iswer sh	CIIO	(1/2x6=3)		
	Ιv	vas (careful behave as well as	(a)				
			de to persuade King to	(b) -6)		and the second refer decreased		

	give	my fr	eedom. Lilliputians	(c)	_		
	soon	bega	n lose fear of me.	(d)	_		
	They	calle	d the mountain man.	(e)	_		
	Som	etime	s lay down and let	(f)			
	then	dano	ce on my hand.				
Q11. Fill in the blanks with suitable determiners:							
	(b) Sout peop	h Afri	economic life of the Afica. With (c) rise	es play (a) important part rican countries, particularly in East are in population in the West, (d) o avoid (e) unpleasantness nent.	nd		
	`		SECT				
			(LITERATURE				
3 12.	2. Read the following extracts and answer questions that follow: (3x3=9						
	(A)	With And	d about, and in and out, here a blossom sailing, here and there a lusty tro here and there a grayling.				
		(a)	Name the poem from whi	ich the above stanza has been taken.			
		(b)	What has been described	in the above lines?			
		(c)	Give the meaning of 'trou	nt' and 'grayling'.			
	(B)	going to school, so I made sure that n tudied well".	пy				
		(a)	Who is the speaker of the	ese lines?			
		(b)	What did the speaker reg	ret?			
		(c)	What did the speaker dec	eide to do?			
(C) "You are an exception. Frenchmen usually have to consult people before they get a move on. Listen! Do you or don't you we this house?							
		(a)	Who is the speaker of the	ese lines?			
			(D	-7)			

- (b) Who is being talked about here?
- (c) What is the nationality of the speaker?
- Q13. Answer any two of the following questions in about 30-40 words each: (3x2=6)
 - (a) How was Chuck injured in the accident?
 - (b) Why was William Wordsworth fascinated by the Solitary Reaper's song?
 - (c) Which road does Robert Frost choose and why?
- Q14. Answer the following in about 150 words:

(5)

As Chuck, write a letter to your friend in about 150 words sharing your experiences after your accident and Duke's efforts to get you back on your road to success.

OR

You are Gaston. Write a diary entry expressing your joy of having made a huge profit by selling the villa. Also, share your feelings of regret for deceiving your unsuspecting wife. Write the diary entry in about 150 words.

Attempt either Part (a) or Part (b)

PART (A)

Attempt the following in 100 words:

- Q15. Describe in your own words the adventure of Gulliver from the day he left his country to the day he returned to it (Voyage to Lilliput). (5)
- Q16. Give a detailed account of Gulliver's departure from the house of the farmer to the King's palace at Brobdingnag. (5)

PART (B)

Q15. Give a character sketch of George.

- (5
- Q16. Do you agree with Jerome's observation that he is a hospital in himself? How does he come to this conclusion? (5)